National Reading Tests

READING ED3

First name

Last name

School

Class

Date of birth

Date of test

(maximum 42)





Practice questions

In this booklet, there are different types of question for you to answer in different ways. Here are some practice questions which show you the types of question you will see in the test. The instructions tell you what you need to do. Start by reading the text in the box below.

The simple yet strategic game of noughts and crosses, also known as tic-tac-toe, has been around to fill periods of boredom for longer than you may think. It was played over 2,000 years ago in the Roman Empire where it was called Terni Lapilli. Players just had three stones which they moved around a grid. However, the game may date back even further as there is evidence that the ancient Egyptians played some form of it. This classic game has survived the test of time though and in 1952 it was the first game to be played on a computer. So next time you draw yourself a grid, you can thank the ancient Egyptians for easing your boredom.

a	Find and copy another name for noughts and crosses.	Hint: You must look back in the text to find this.
b	Look at the text in the box below. Underline two words used to describe the game.	Hint: Check how many words to underline.
	The simple yet strategic game of noughts and crosses tic-tac-toe, has been around to fill periods of boredon you may think.	
	Hint: If you make a mistake and then write out your new answe	
c	What was needed to play Terni Lapilli? Tick two. ←	Hint: Check how many you have to tick.
	a grid a computer a pencil	

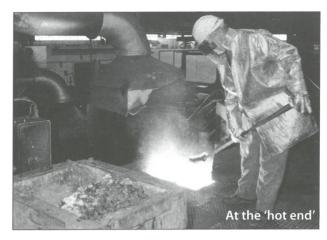
False
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Made of money: the Royal Mint where cash is banned

The long-serving, skilled staff who work at the 'hot end' of the Royal Mint have an enviable job – they literally have money to burn.

Old, damaged or rejected coins are among the materials thrown into a roaring furnace, night and day, by workers – some employed here for nearly 40 years.

Their job is to make money.





Coins have an enduring appeal

Melting down metal in the 'hot end' is the start of the process that results in five billion coins being produced at this site in Llantrisant, South Wales, every year, but one thing you will not find in the pockets of staff at the Mint is their own cash.

Like a chef without an appetite or an oil worker without a car, staff here do not sample their own produce. A complete ban on any coins being brought onto the site makes it one of the most unusual cashless workplaces. The canteen inside is cash-free, only accepting workers' cards, loaded up at a credit machine in reception before they go through security at the start of their working day, to pay for their lunch. It all works efficiently, with hardly a queue during the lunch hour for the 800 staff. So perhaps the Mint itself is proving that workplaces, and society as a whole, could do without notes and coins.

But the director of the museum at the Royal Mint argues that, more widely, coins have an enduring appeal and will stay for some time yet. "There still seems to be a fondness for coinage and the portable aspect of money," he says, surrounded by displays of currency past and present. "Even the most modern economies and cultures in the world still have a strong attachment to notes and coins. This has been seen universally in the 2,500 years that coinage has been around." Cash remains the most popular form of payment in UK shops, although other forms of payment are on the rise. The popularity of coins will be welcome news at the Royal Mint, which is one of the largest employers in the region. The process has become so efficient that coins and blanks produced in the complex are exported around the world, meeting about 15% of global demand for coins.

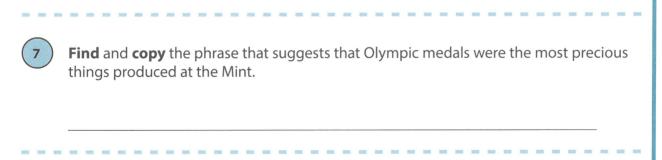
Did you know?

The Royal Mint has been making military campaign medals since the Battle of Waterloo in 1815.
Under secrecy and even tighter security than normal, it also manufactured the gold, silver and bronze medals for the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games.

1	What does the first paragraph tell us about the staff at the Royal Mint?	
	Tick two . They work long hours. Some have worked there a long time. They are jealous of each other. They are all quite elderly. Many of them are very rich.	1 1m
2	The Royal Mint staff work at the 'hot end'.	
	This description suggests that working there is	
	Tick two . chaotic. dreary. sweltering. exciting. glamorous.	2 1m
3	Like a chef without an appetite	
	What is the purpose of this comparison?	
	Tick one .	
	to give an example of another unusual job to describe the full range of jobs available at the Royal Mint	3
	to illustrate how strange it is that workers do not sample what they produce to show that a skilled worker does not need to test the quality of their products	1m
4	Put these events in order to show a typical working morning at the Mint by numbering them from 1 to 5.	
	go through security	
	load credit card (if necessary)	
	arrive at reception	
	work the morning shift	4
	go to the canteen for lunch	1
	nlacco turn	Im
	nlease turn over	

TOTAL 4m

5	hardly a queue during the lunch hour for the 800 staff.
	Why does the writer tell us this?
	Tick one . to prove that no one had an appetite to show that the workers had no money to pay for lunch to show how well-organised the cashless system is to prove that workers in the Mint hardly stop for lunch
6	Look at the text in the box below.
	But the director of the museum at the Royal Mint argues that, more widely, coins have an enduring appeal and will stay for some time yet. "There still seems to be a fondness for coinage and the portable aspect of money," he says, surrounded by displays of currency past and present. "Even the most modern economies and cultures in the world still have a strong attachment to notes and coins. This has been seen universally in the 2,500 years that coinage has been around."
	a) Underline three words or phrases that suggest that people like coins.
	b) Find and copy the phrase that shows that cash is convenient.





	Q	
1	0	1

Put ticks to show which statements are **true** and which are **false**, according to the text.

	True	False
Old coins can be melted down and recycled to make new ones.		
The Mint provides an example of how an organisation does not need cash to run smoothly.		
The Mint also makes blank bullets for military practice.		
The medals for the London 2012 Paralympics were made in Llantrisant.		



9 Put ticks to show which of the following factors mentioned in the text support the production of coins and which suggest that coins are not essential.

	Supports the production of coins	Suggests that coins are not essential
the attitude of most modern economies and cultures		
the most common method of payment in UK shops		
the change in popularity of other forms of payment		
the ease of payment in the Royal Mint canteen		



please turn over



Face to face with a monster from the deep

— Simon Reeve retells his adventure on the Pororoca with his companion, Edjiman. –

As the tidal wall of water surged and boiled behind our small boat, I began to have serious doubts about the finale to my journey across the Amazon basin.

When we planned it, attempting to surf the tidal wave, known locally as the 'Pororoca', on Brazil's Atlantic Coast had seemed like a fitting climax to months of travel on a long, hot trip around the world. But now, the giant wave was hurtling up the Amazon, raking the riverbank, carrying snakes and alligators in the water, while sharks lurked behind the main wave ready to snack on anything or anyone pulled into the surf. I had heard that one of the world's best surfers had broken his back trying to ride this wave, and now, most importantly, my earlier enthusiasm for the challenge could not mask the crucial fact that I was a complete novice who had never stood on a surfboard!

Edjiman spotted it first. The slight blur on the horizon sharpened and widened and the low growl of the Pororoca gradually became a roar. From one side of the river to the other, a wave of wild horses, between three and five metres high, was clawing its way up the river. It was one of the most extraordinary natural phenomena I had ever witnessed. As he prepared to jump into the water, Edjiman seemed surprisingly calm. "All or nothing," he said, "if you miss it, the dream is over." Then it was my turn.



Tidal bores* occur across the world.

One spectacular example happens more than 250 times a year on the River Severn between England and Wales.

The Pororoca in Brazil is fast becoming the bore of choice for surfers. On the sea, a wave will generally only last up to 15 seconds; on the Pororoca, an experienced surfer can ride the wave for about 30 minutes.

After leaping into the water I turned away from the wave and tried to paddle quickly to build up some speed. But I was too slow: I glanced over my shoulder to see the huge wave engulfing me from behind. As I took a deep breath and kicked my legs hard, the muddy wave roared over the top of me and sucked me backwards into darkness. I rolled over and over in the water then the angry wave ejected me and I floated to the surface.

"Congratulations, you surfed the Pororoca!" someone said as they hauled me into the rescue boat. I looked up in amazement. How could anyone describe my moment in the water as 'surfing'? But then I realised surfing the Pororoca was less about standing up and more about being prepared to surrender control to a vicious wave and take a chance in the dangerous dark waters.

* Tidal bore – a strong tide, or wave, that surges up the river from the sea.

The writer was travelling across the Amazon basin and was a) about to nearing having second shis plans for his long journey. The passage describes the writer's thoughts and feelings as he decides to ride b) a giant owave. After a clumsy effort, he concludes that he should feel c) proud ruthless embarrassed ashamed for having the d) stupidity nerve imagination control to even attempt it. What was the writer's biggest cause for concern about surfing the Pororoca? Tick one. A highly skilled surfer had been badly hurt surfing the same wave. There were many dangerous animals in the water. He was not a very good or experienced surfer. If he did not take this opportunity, he may never get the chance again. Look at the text in the box below. Underline four words or phrases that make the wave sound like an animal. Edjiman spotted it first. The slight blur on the horizon sharpened and widened and the low growl of the Pororoca gradually became a roar. From one side of the river to the other, a wave of wild horses, between three and five metres high, was clawing its way up the river. It was one of the most extraordinary natural phenomena I had ever witnessed. The writer's companion displayed contrasting emotions to those felt by the writer. Find and copy the phrase that describes how his companion appeared to be feeling.			
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To			Т

5	Number these events from 1 to 6 to show the order in which they happened to the writer in the water.	
	overcome by water	
	pushed to the surface	
	tried to move fast	
	jumped in	
	tossed about by water	5
	pulled out	
		1m
6	Look at the last paragraph.	
	I looked up in amazement.	
	Why was the writer amazed?	
	Tick one .	
	He had not expected to survive surfing the wave.	
	He was grateful to have been rescued.	
	He did not think his attempt counted as surfing. He had not imagined the wave would be so intense.	6
	He was impressed with his own surfing ability.	
		1m
7	Look at the last paragraph.	
	What message does the writer convey about his experience?	
	Tick one .	
	You really have to be a natural athlete to survive against nature's wildness.	
	Being brave enough to try something new is more important than being good at it.	
	The most life-changing experiences can be found in the most unexpected places.	7
	Even the wildest environments can be tamed if you have a friend to help you.	1m
-		

1		1
	8	
1		/

Put ticks to show which statements are **true** and which are **false**.

	True	False
Surfing the Pororoca is safe if you are an experienced surfer.		
The writer's first attempt at surfing was on the Pororoca.		
The Pororoca surges between England and Wales on the River Severn.		
Surfers choose to avoid the Pororoca because of the dangers.		
The waves on the Pororoca can last up to half an hour.		



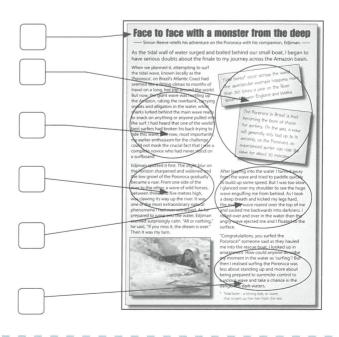
Put ticks to show which statements are **fact** and which are **opinion**.

	Fact	Opinion
Tidal bores can be found all over the world.		
The Pororoca is the most exciting wave to surf.		
River waves are better than sea waves.		
Tidal bores on rivers often last longer than sea waves.		
The Pororoca is the most extraordinary natural phenomenon ever witnessed.		

Here is a copy of the text on page 8.

Label each arrow to show which parts of the text each statement refers to.

- **A** describes the writer's personal experience of surfing the Pororoca
- **B** describes the Pororoca approaching
- **C** provides background information
- D emphasises the dangers of the Pororoca
- **E** summary of what the writer has learned
- **F** catches the reader's attention





TOTAL

Like a moth to a flame

Why are moths attracted to light?

To understand this, you need to know about phototaxis. Phototaxis is an organism's* automatic movement towards or away from light. Cockroaches are negatively phototactic; they scurry back into dark corners when someone illuminates their late-night snacking parties. Moths are positively phototactic meaning they dart towards light. They seem charmed by your porch light, a car's headlights or your campfire (even if it leads to their untimely departure). While there is no definite explanation for why this happens, there are some interesting theories.

Some types of moths are known to migrate, and it's possible that the Moon and stars in the night sky give them navigational clues. A moth's attraction to an artificial light or to a fire could be related to orientation, but lead to disorientation – the moth wasn't 'expecting' to actually reach the light source, so confusion results.

The saying "like a moth to a flame" describes a strong attraction to something that may be deadly or dangerous.

It's also possible that moths have an escape-route mechanism related to light. Imagine disturbing a bush full of moths at night – they all fly up and out of the bush, towards the sky. To a moth in danger, flying towards the light (which is usually in the sky, or at least upwards) tends to be a more advantageous response than flying towards darkness (which is usually downwards).

Here is another interesting question: why do moths stay near lights? You probably experience a few moments of blindness when you turn on a bright light after your eyes have adjusted to darkness, or when you are suddenly in darkness after being in bright light. A moth's eyes adapt to darkness much more slowly than they adapt to light. Once the moth comes close to a bright light, it might have a hard time leaving the light since going back into the dark renders it blind for so long. In the case that the moth escapes, it might not remember the problem with flying too near the light and will probably find itself in the same predicament all over again.

* living thing



Moth

Pity my silence pressing at your window Frail and motionless against the night; A baffled spectre framed by blackness, Little moonflake, prisoner of glass. This is my journey's end, receive me. Brilliant keeper, rise and let me in.



Then later, when from a drawer perhaps
You take my body, wasted, brittle
As a shred of antique parchment, hold it
Gently up to the light I loved
But which bewildered me, until
I fly away again, a ghostly powder
Blown or shaken from your hand.



John Mole





Look at the end of the first paragraph there are some interesting theories. What are the interesting theories about?	
Tick one . how different creatures see in the dark how different creatures use light to navigate why moths are attracted to light why moths are attracted to danger	1 1m
2 Choose the best word or group of words to fit the passage and tick your choices.	
The text says, cockroaches tend to come out when it is	2a
a) sunny	1m
to look for	2b
b) food.	1m
However, if someone	2c
c) gives them holds a switches towards some snacks party on a light	1m
the cockroaches will	2d
d) devour them. startle conceal enjoy themselves.	1m
	-
Find and copy the phrase that shows what organism means.	3
	1m
please turn ove	er

TOTAL

To understand this, you need to know about phototaxis. Phototaxis is an organism's automatic movement towards or away from light. Cockroaches are negatively phototactic; they scurry back into dark corners when someone illuminates their late-night snacking parties. Moths are positively phototactic meaning they dart towards light. They seem charmed by your porch light, a car's headlights or your campfire (even if it leads to their untimely departure). While there is no definite explanation for why this happens, there are some interesting theories.



- a) **Underline two** words that show the speed with which the creatures move.
- b) **Find** and **copy two** words that show that the creatures are compelled to react in this way.

1	
1	

2.			





The saying "like a moth to a flame" describes a strong attraction to something that may be deadly or dangerous.

Look at the first paragraph.

Find and **copy** the phrase that shows that moths' attraction to light can be deadly or dangerous.



6	The text presents facts and theories about moths.
	Put ticks to show which statements are fact and which are theory.

	Fact	Theory
Moths use the Moon and stars to guide their direction.		
Moths never actually expect to find the source of the light they follow.		
Moths tend to fly upwards when disturbed.		
A moth can suffer temporary blindness when moving between dark and light.		
Moths do not have good memories.		

	6	
1		
/		
	20	n

In the first text the writer uses the word *dart* to describe the moth's movements.

Find and copy one word from the poem that suggests the opposite.



Moths are described in different ways in the text and in the poem.

Tick the correct box to show whether the following descriptions are suggested by the **text**, the **poem** or **both**.

A moth is described as	Text	Poem	Both
vulnerable.			
confused.			
fragile.			
blind.			
withered.			



End of test. Please check your work.



Acknowledgements

'Made of money: the Royal Mint where cash is banned' adapted from 'Made of money: the Royal Mint where cashed is banned' by Kevin Peachey on BBC News, 24 July 2013 www.bbc.co.uk/news/business-23327926

'Face to face with a monster from the deep' adapted from 'Face to face with a monster from the deep' by Simon Reeve in *The Observer*, 3 September 2006 www.theguardian.com/travel/2006/sep/03/extremesportsholidays.brazil

'Like a moth to a flame' adapted from 'Why are Moths Attracted to Light?' on HowStuffWorks (2001) science.howstuffworks.com/zoology/insects-arachnids/question675.htm

'Moth' by John Mole taken from *The Mad Parrot's Countdown* by John Mole (Peterloo Poets, 1990)

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